



# Business Use of Home



## TAX MEX

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### Qualifying for Deduction

To take a business deduction for home office expenses, you must use your home under one of the following scenarios.

- You have an area in your home that is regularly and exclusively used as your principal place of business.
- You have an area in your home where you regularly and exclusively meet with patients, clients, or customers.
- You have a separate structure, not attached to your home, which is used in connection with your trade or business.
- You have an area in your home used on a regular basis for the storage of inventory or product samples.
- Your home is used as a daycare facility.

### Business Use of Home Expenses

Some expenses are deductible whether or not you use your home for business. Others are deductible only if the home is used for business.

Deductible Regardless*	Deductible Only If for Business**
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Real estate taxes.</li> <li>• Mortgage interest.</li> <li>• Home equity interest.</li> <li>• Casualty losses.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Homeowner's insurance.</li> <li>• Rent.</li> <li>• Repairs and maintenance.</li> <li>• Security system.</li> <li>• Utilities and services.</li> <li>• Depreciation (deductible after applying deduction limitation to above expenses).</li> </ul>

\* Deductible as an itemized deduction, subject to limitation.

\*\* Deductible as a business expense pro-rated for the amount of the business use of the home

### Direct Expenses

Expenses that benefit only the area exclusively used for business, such as painting or repairs in the home office, are direct expenses that are fully deductible.

### Indirect Expenses

Expenses for keeping up and running the entire home, such as insurance, utilities, and general repairs, are indirect expenses that are deductible based on the percentage of the home used for business.

### Unrelated Expenses

Expenses for the part of the home not used for business, such as painting a room not used for business, are unrelated expenses that are not deductible.

### Telephone

The basic local telephone service for the first telephone line is nondeductible even if it is used for business. Any additional charges for long distance or a second line into the home used for business are deductible.

### Depreciation

A qualified home office is considered nonresidential real property depreciable over 39 years. For home office depreciation, the basis in the home is the smaller of:

- The fair market value (FMV) of the home minus the FMV of land on the date the home was first used for business, or
- The home's cost plus permanent improvements minus casualty losses minus the cost of land on the date the home was first used for business.

### Home Improvements

Permanent improvements prior to using the home for business are added to the basis of the home and depreciated as part of the adjusted basis of the home. The cost of improvements made after using the home for business that affect the area of the home used for business are depreciated separately.

**Example:** Rita had a new roof put on her home in 2010. She first used her home for business in 2014. She also replaced her furnace



## Business Use of Home

in 2025. The cost of the new roof from 2010 is added to the basis of her home, and the business portion is depreciated over 39 years, starting in 2014. The business portion of the furnace cost is depreciated as a separate asset over 39 years, starting in 2025.

### Calculating Business Use of Home Deduction

#### Business Percentage

The business percentage equals the area of the part of the home used for business divided by the area of the whole house. Any reasonable method may be used to determine the business percentage.

The following are two common methods.

- Divide square footage of area used for business by total square footage of home.
- If all rooms are about the same size, divide the number of rooms used for business by total number of rooms in the home.

#### Part-Year Use

Do not include home expenses in the business use equation for any period during the year where the home was not used for business.

#### Daycare Facility

The business percentage of an area exclusively used for business in a daycare facility is calculated under the business percentage method above. For the portion of the home regularly used, but not exclusively used for the daycare business, multiply that portion by the business percentage of time.

**Example:** Jane uses her 1,600 square foot basement for her daycare business. The total area of her home is 3,200 square feet so her business-use percentage is 50% ( $1,600 \div 3,200$ ). Her daycare used the basement for a total of 3,000 hours during the year. The total number of hours for 2025 was 8,760 (24 hours  $\times$  365 days) so her daycare time percentage is 34.25% ( $3,000 \div 8,760$ ). Any direct expenses, such as repainting the basement, are multiplied by 34.25% to determine the deductible business portion of the expense. Any indirect expenses, such as utilities, are multiplied by 17.13% ( $50\% \times 34.25\%$ ) to determine the deductible business portion of the expense.

**Did You Know?** In many cases, the basement and garage may be included in the total square footage of a daycare

provider's home when calculating the business-use percentage. In addition to regularly used rooms, the business-use area can include:

- Entryways, halls, food preparation areas, and bathrooms.
- Basement with laundry or tool rooms, storage or furnace area, etc.
- Garage where business car is parked or where household tools, trash cans, or stored daycare items are kept.

#### Calculating Time Spent on Daycare

You should keep a log reflecting time spent conducting the daycare business, including dates and hours each person was in your care, and additional time spent organizing, preparing meals, and cleaning up.

#### Deduction Limitation

The business use of home deduction is limited to net income from the business.

#### Carryover of Unallowed Expenses

Deductions not allowed due to the net income limitation are carried over to the following year. They are added to current expenses from each category and subject to the deduction limit for that year for that category.

#### Simplified Option for Home Office Deduction

The simplified option may be calculated as follows.

- A standard deduction is allowed of \$5 per square foot of home used for business, limited to a maximum of 300 square feet.
- Allowable home-related itemized deductions such as mortgage interest and real estate taxes are claimed in full on Schedule A, instead of apportioned between the business form and Schedule A.
- No home depreciation deduction is claimed and no later recapture of depreciation is required for the years the simplified method is used.

**Note:** Although recordkeeping is simplified, this option does not change the criteria for who may claim a home office deduction.

### Contact Us

There are many events that occur during the year that can affect your tax situation. Preparation of your tax return involves summarizing transactions and events that occurred during the prior year. In most situations, treatment is firmly established at the time the transaction occurs. However, negative tax effects can be avoided by proper planning. Please contact us in advance if you have questions about the tax effects of a transaction or event, including the following:

- Pension or IRA distributions.
- Significant change in income or deductions.
- Job change.
- Marriage.
- Attainment of age 59½ or 73.
- Sale or purchase of a business.
- Sale or purchase of a residence or other real estate.
- Retirement.
- Notice from IRS or other revenue department.
- Divorce or separation.
- Self-employment.
- Charitable contributions of property in excess of \$5,000.

This brochure contains general information for taxpayers and should not be relied upon as the only source of authority. Taxpayers should seek professional tax advice for more information.

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